

**Amendments to the Claims:** This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) An estimating apparatus of the amount of optical distortion of light transmitted through a transparent plate member with unevenness of refractive power of the transparent plate member, comprising:

means for irradiating a grid pattern having an array of a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width;

means for picking-up said grid pattern by using an image pickup device including a CCD pixel array;

means for inputting a signal from said image pickup device, as gray image data;

means for supporting and conveying said transparent plate member in an optical line ranging from said grid pattern to said image pickup device; and

image processing means for processing the gray image data inputted from said image pickup device,

wherein, upon picking-up the image of the grid pattern on said image pickup device,  $Xn \pm a$  CCD pixels of the CCD pixel array correspond to  $n$  grids, where  $X$  is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ ,  $P$  being an integer greater than zero, and  $n$  and  $a$  are integers greater than zero and  $a$  is less than or equal to  $n/10$ , thereby generating a moiré fringes, and

said image processing means comprises:

means for calculating a plurality of types of sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data of said moiré fringes;

means for obtaining a phase angle at each pixel based on said plurality of types of sine waves; and

means for calculating refractive power of the optical distortion based on a difference in phase angles between the pixels.

2. (Currently Amended) An estimating apparatus of the amount of optical distortion of light reflected to a glossy plate member with unevenness of surface smoothness of the plate member, comprising:

means for irradiating a grid pattern having an array of a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width;

means for picking-up a reflected image of said grid pattern by using an image pickup device including a CCD pixel array;

means for inputting a signal from said image pickup device, as gray image data;

means for supporting and conveying the glossy plate member so that light from said grid pattern is reflected to the plate member and is incident on said image pickup device;

image processing means for processing the gray image data inputted from said image pickup device;

wherein, upon picking-up the image of the grid pattern on said image pickup device,  $Xn4n \pm a$  CCD pixels of the CCD pixel array correspond to  $n$  grids, where  $X$  is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ ,  $P$  being an integer greater than zero, and  $n$  and  $a$  are integers greater than zero and  $a$  is less than or equal to  $n/10$ , thereby generating a moiré fringes, and

said image processing means comprises:

means for calculating a plurality of types of sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data on said moiré fringes;

means for obtaining a phase angle at each pixel based on said plurality of types of sine waves; and

means for calculating the amount of deviation of the reflected light based on the difference in phase angles between the pixels.

3. Canceled.

4. (Currently Amended) An estimating method of the amount of optical distortion of light transmitted through a transparent plate member with unevenness of refractive power of the transparent plate member, comprising:

a step of pick-up an image of a grid pattern having an array having a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width by using an image pickup device including a CCD pixel array and enabling  $Xn4n \pm a$  CCD pixels correspond to  $n$  grids, where  $X$  is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ ,  $P$  being an integer greater than zero, and  $n$  and  $a$  are integers greater than zero and  $a$  is less than or equal to  $n/10$ , thereby generating a moiré fringes, upon pick-up the image of the grid pattern on said image pickup device, and

a step of processing, by image processing means, gray image data of the grid pattern picked-up by said image pickup device via said transparent plate member.

Wherein said step of processing by the image processing means comprises:

a step of calculating a plurality of types of sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data on said moiré fringes;

a step of obtaining a phase angle at each pixel based on said plurality of types of sine waves; and

a step of calculating refractive power of the optical distortion based on the difference in phase angles between the pixels.

5. (Currently Amended) An estimating method of the amount of optical distortion of light reflected to a glossy plate member with unevenness of surface smoothness of the plate member, comprising:

a step of picking-up an image reflected, on the glossy plate member, of a grid pattern having an array having a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width by using an image pickup device including a CCD pixel array and enabling  $\times n \pm \alpha$  CCD, pixels of the CCD pixel array to correspond to  $n$  grids, where  $X$  is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ ,  $P$  being an integer greater than zero, and  $n$  and  $\alpha$  are integers greater than zero and  $\alpha$  is less than or equal to  $n/10$ , thereby generating a moiré fringes, upon picking-up the image of the grid pattern on said image pickup device, and

a step of processing, by image processing means, gray image data of the reflected image of the grid pattern picked-up by said image pickup device,

wherein said step of processing by the image processing means comprises:

a step of calculating a plurality of types of sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data of said moiré fringes;

a step of obtaining a phase angle at each pixel based on said plurality of types of sine waves; and

a step of calculating the amount of deviation of the reflected light based on the difference in phase angles between the pixels.

6. Canceled.

7. (Currently Amended) A detecting apparatus of a defect having the optical distortion of a transparent plate member, comprising:

means for irradiating a grid pattern having an array of a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width;

means for picking-up the grid pattern by using an image pickup device including a CCD pixel array;

means for inputting a signal from said image pickup device, as gray image data;

means for supporting and conveying the transparent plate member in an optical path ranging from the grid pattern to said image pickup device; and

image processing means for processing the gray image data inputted from said image pickup device,

wherein a moiré fringes are generated by the correspondence of  $Xn \pm a$  CCD pixels of the CCD pixel array to n grids upon picking-up the grid pattern to said image pickup device, where X is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ , P being an integer greater than zero, and n and a are integers greater than zero and a is less than or equal to n/10, and

said image processing means comprises:

means for calculating a plurality of types sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data of said moiré fringes;

means for obtaining a phase angle at each pixel from the plurality of types of sine waves; and

means for detecting the defect having the optical distortion based on the difference in phase angle between the pixels.

8. (Currently Amended) A detecting apparatus of a defect having the optical distortion of a surface of a glossy plate member, comprising:

means for irradiating a grid pattern with an array of a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width;

means for picking-up a reflected image of the grid pattern by using an image pickup device including a CCD pixel array;

means for inputting a signal from said image pickup device, as gray image data;

means for supporting and conveying the plate member so that light from the grid pattern is reflected to the glossy plate member and is incident on said image pickup device; and

image pickup means for processing the gray image data inputted from said image pickup device,

wherein a moiré fringes are generated by the correspondence of  $Xn \pm a$  CCD pixels of the CCD pixel array to n grids upon picking-up the grid pattern to said image pickup device, where X is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ , P being an integer greater than zero, and n and a are integers greater than zero and a is less than or equal to n/10, and

said image processing means comprises:

means for calculating a plurality of types sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data of said moiré fringes;

means for obtaining a phase angle at each pixel from the plurality of types of sine waves; and

means for detecting the defect having the optical distortion based on the difference in phase angle between the pixels.

9. Canceled.

10. (Currently Amended) A detecting method of a defect having the optical distortion of a transparent plate member, comprising:

a step of picking-up, using a CCD pixel array, an image of a grid pattern having an array having a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width and generating a moiré fringes by the correspondence of  $Xn \pm a$  CCD pixels of the CCD pixel array to  $n$  grids, where  $X$  is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ ,  $P$  being an integer greater than zero, and  $n$  and  $a$  are integers greater than zero and  $a$  is less than or equal to  $n/10$ , upon picking-up the image of the grid pattern on said image pickup device; and

a step of processing, by image processing means, gray image data of the grid pattern picked-up by said image pickup device via the transparent plate member,

wherein said step of processing by the image processing means comprises:

a step of calculating a plurality of types of sine waves that are deviated in phase at  $90^\circ$  from image data of said moiré fringes;

a step of obtaining a phase angle at each pixel based on said plurality of types of sine waves; and

a step of detecting the defect having the optical distortion based on the difference in phase angles between the pixels.

11. (Currently Amended) A detecting method of a defect having the optical distortion of a surface of a glossy plate member, comprising:

a step of picking-up, using an image pickup device including an CCD pixel array, an image reflected, on the glossy plate member, of a grid pattern having an array of a bright portion and a dark portion with a constant pitch and a constant width and generating a moiré fringes by the correspondence of  $Xn \pm a$  CCD pixels of the CCD pixel array to  $n$  grids, upon picking-up the reflected image of the grid pattern on said image pickup device, where  $X$  is an integer which satisfies the equation  $X = 4P$ ,  $P$  being an integer greater than zero, and  $n$  and  $a$  are integers greater than zero and  $a$  is less than or equal to  $n/10$ ; and

a step of processing, by image processing means, gray image data of the reflected image of the grid pattern picked-up by said image pickup device,

wherein said step of processing by said image processing means comprises:

a step of calculating a plurality of types of sine waves that are deviated in phase by  $90^\circ$  from image data of said moiré fringes;

a step of obtaining a phase angle at each pixel based on said plurality of types of sine waves; and

a step of detecting the defect having the optical distortion based on the difference in phase angle between the pixels.

12. Canceled.